# VRE204 Precision Surface Mount Reference Supply



THALER CORPORATION • 2015 N. FORBES BOULEVARD • TUCSON, AZ. 85745 • (520) 882-4000

# FEATURES

- VERY HIGH ACCURACY: 4.5000 V OUTPUT ±0.4 mV
- EXTREMELY LOW DRIFT: 0.6 ppm/°C -55°C to +125°C
- EXCELLENT STABILITY: 6ppm/1000 Hrs. Typ.
- EXCELLENT LINE REGULATION: 6 ppm/V Typ.
- WIDE SUPPLY RANGE: +13.5 V to +22.0 V
- HERMETIC 20 TERMINAL CERAMIC LCC
- MILITARY PROCESSING AVAILABLE

## DESCRIPTION

VRE204 Series Precision Voltage References provide ultrastable +4.500 V outputs with up to  $\pm 0.4$  mV initial accuracy and temperature coefficient as low as 0.6 ppm/°C over the full military temperature range.

These references are specifically designed to be used with the Crystal Semiconductor line of successive-approximation type Analog-to-Digital Converters (ADCs). This line of ADCs sets new standards for temperature drift, which can only be as good as the external reference used. The Thaler VRE204 combined with a Crystal ADC will provide the lowest drift data conversion obtainable.

# **APPLICATIONS**

- PRECISION A/D and D/A CONVERTERS
- TRANSDUCER EXCITATION
- ACCURATE COMPARATOR THRESHOLD REFERENCE
- HIGH RESOLUTION SERVO SYSTEMS
- DIGITAL VOLTMETERS
- HIGH PRECISION TEST and MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTS

#### SELECTION GUIDE

Туре	Output	Temperature Operating Range	Max. Volt Deviation		
VRE204C	+4.5V	-25°C to +85°C	0.4mV		
VRE204CA	+4.5V	-25°C to +85°C	0.2mV		
VRE204M	+4.5V	-55°C to +125°C	0.6mV		
VRE204MA	+4.5V	-55°C to +125°C	0.3mV		

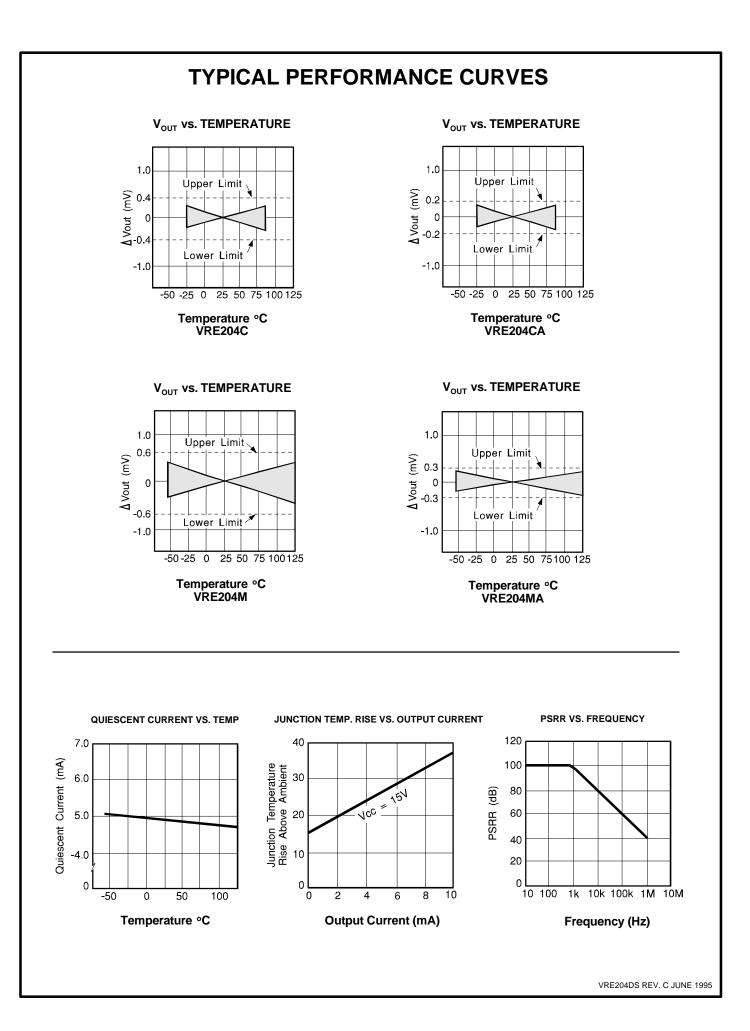
VRE204 series devices are available in two operating temperature ranges, -25°C to +85°C and -55°C to +125°C, and two performance grades. All devices are packaged in 20 terminal LCC ceramic packages for maximum long-term stability. "M" versions are screened for high reliability and quality.

Superior stability, accuracy, and quality make the VRE204 ideal for all precision applications which may require a 4.5V reference. High-accuracy test and measurement instrumentation, and transducer excitation are some other applications which can benefit from the high accuracy of the VRE204.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS       VRE204         Vps =±15V, T = 25°C, RL = 10KΩ unless otherwise noted.       VRE204													
MODEL	С			CA		м		MA					
PARAMETERS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	ΜΙΝ	ТҮР	MAX	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS													
Power Supply Operating Temperature Storage Temperature Short Circuit Protection	-65	ntinuc	+22 85 150 ous	* *	*	* *	* -55 *	*	* 125 *	* -55 *	*	* 125 *	℃ ℃
OUTPUT VOLTAGE													
VRE204		+4.5			*			*			*		V
OUTPUT VOLTAGE ERRORS													
Initial Error Warmup Drift T <sub>min</sub> - T <sub>max</sub> <sup>(1)</sup> Long-Term Stability Noise (.1-10Hz)		2 6 3	800 400		1 * *	400 200		2 * *	800 600		*	400 300	μV ppm μV ppm/1000hrs μVpp
OUTPUT CURRENT										1			
Range	±10			*			*			*			mA
REGULATION													
Line Load		6 3	10		*	*		*	*		*	*	ppm/V ppm/mA
OUTPUT ADJUSTMENT													
Range Temperature Coeff.		10 4			*			*			*		mV μV/°C/mV
POWER SUPPLY CURRENTS (2)													
VRE204 +PS		5	7		*	*		*	*		*	*	mA
<ul> <li>NOTES: *Same as C Models.</li> <li>1.Using the box method, the specified value is the maximum deviation from the output voltage at 25°C over the specified operating temperature range.</li> <li>2.The specified values are unloaded.</li> </ul>													

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## **DISCUSSION OF PERFORMANCE**

## THEORY OF OPERATION

The following discussion refers to the schematic below. A FET current source is used to bias a 6.3 zener diode. The zener voltage is divided by the resistor network R1 and R2. This voltage is then applied to the noninverting input of the operational amplifier which amplifies the voltage to produce a 4.5000V output. The gain is determined by the resistor networks R3 and R4: G=1 + R4/R3. The 6.3 zener diode is used because it is the most stable diode over time and temperature.

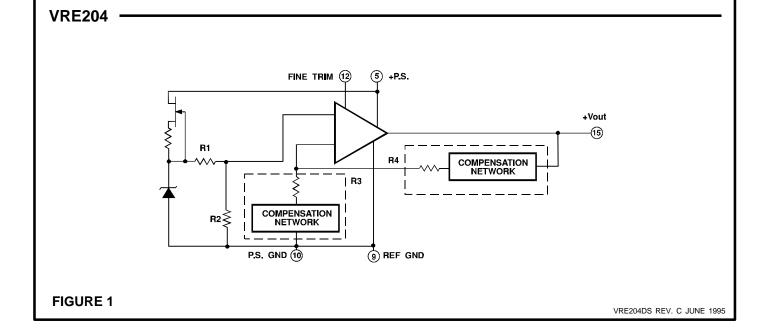
The current source provides a closely regulated zener current, which determines the slope of the references' voltage vs. temperature function. By trimming the zener current a lower drift over temperature can be achieved. But since the voltage vs. temperature function is nonlinear this compensation technique is not well suited for wide temperature ranges.

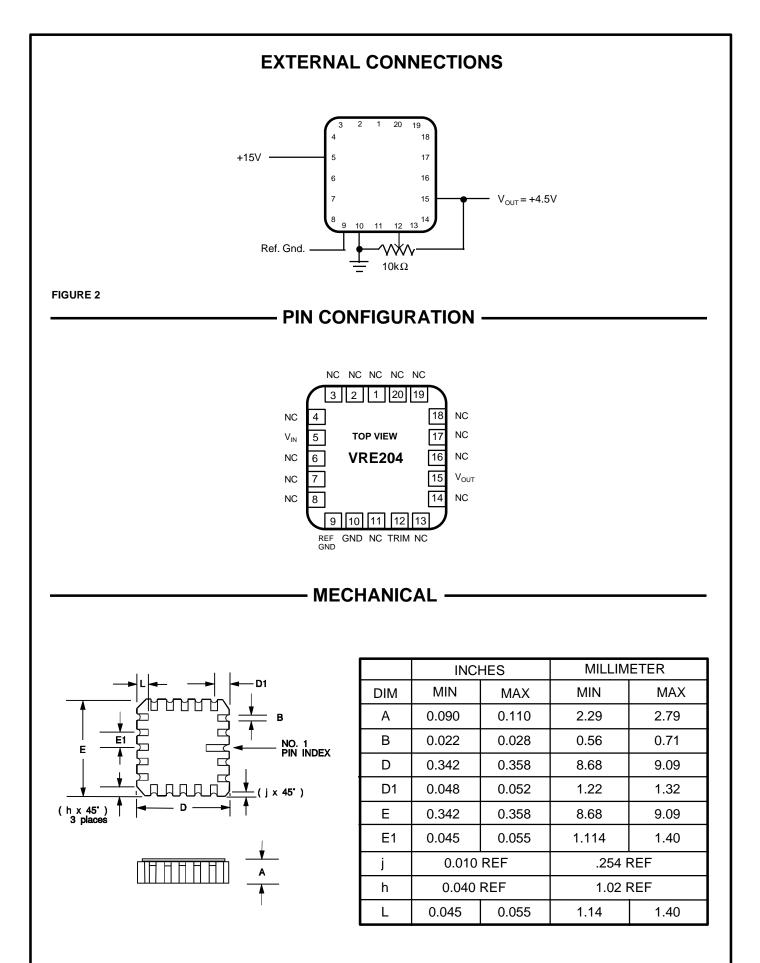
Thaler Corporation has developed a nonlinear compensation network of thermistors and resistors that is used in the VRE series voltage references. This proprietary network eliminates most of the nonlinearity in the voltage vs. temperature function. By then adjusting the slope, Thaler Corporation produces a very stable voltage over wide temperature ranges. This network is less than 2% of the overall network resistance so it has a negligible effect on long term stability. By using highly stable resistors in our network, we produce a voltage reference that also has very good long term stability.

## **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

Figure 2 shows the proper connection of the VRE204 series voltage references with the optional trim resistors. Pay careful attention to the circuit layout to avoid noise pickup and voltage drops in the lines.

The VRE204 series voltage references have the ground terminal brought out on two pins (pin 9 and pin 10) which are connected together internally. This allows the user to achieve greater accuracy when using a socket. Voltage references have a voltage drop across their power supply ground pin due to quiescent current flowing through the contact resistance. If the contact resistance was constant with time and temperature, this voltage drop could be trimmed out. When the reference is plugged into a socket, this source of error can be as high as 20ppm. By connecting pin 10 to the power supply ground and pin 9 to a high impedance ground point in the measurement circuit, the error due to the contact resistance can be eliminated. If the unit is soldered into place, the contact resistance is sufficiently small that it does not effect performance.





VRE204DS REV. C JUNE 1995